

Progression of Skills in Modern Foreign Language

Knowledge, skills and understanding is built around the following concepts:

- Read fluently
- Write imaginatively
- Speak confidently
- Understand the culture of the countries in which the language is spoken

These key concepts underpin learning in each milestone. This enables pupils to reinforce and build upon prior learning, make connections and develop subject specific language. The vertical accumulation of knowledge and skills from Years 1 to 6 is mapped as follows:

Threshold Concept Key Skills	Milestone 1 Years 1 and 2	Milestone 2 Years 3 and 4	Milestone 3 Years 5 and 6
Read fluently This concept involves recognising key vocabulary and phrases.	logographic in Mandarin) knowledge to read words. • Read and understand short written phrases.	 Read and understand the main points in short written texts. Read short texts independently. Use a translation dictionary or glossary to look up new words. 	 Read and understand the main points and some of the detail in short written texts. Use the context of a sentence or a translation dictionary to work out the meaning of unfamiliar words. Read and understand the main points and opinions in written texts from various contexts, including present, past or future events. Show confidence in reading aloud, and in using reference materials.
Write imaginatively This concept involves using key vocabulary and	 Write or copy everyday words correctly. Label items and choose appropriate 	Write a few short sentences using familiar expressions.	Write short texts on familiar topics.

phrases to write ideas.	words to complete short sentences. • Write one or two short	Express personal experiences and responses.	Use knowledge of grammar (or pitch in Mandarin)
	sentences. • Write short phrases	from memory with spelling that is readily understandable.	to enhance or change the meaning of phrases.
			Use dictionaries or glossaries to check words.
			Refer to recent experiences or future plans, as well as to everyday activities.
			Include imaginative and adventurous word choices.
			• Convey meaning (although there may be some mistakes, the meaning can be understood with little or no difficulty).
			Use dictionaries or glossaries to check words.
	 Understand a range of spoken phrases. 	Understand the main points from spoken passages.	Understand the main points and opinions in spoken passages.
vocabulary and phrases to verbally communicate ideas.	(sometimes asking for words or phrases to be repeated).	if necessary. • Ask and answer simple questions and talk about interests.	Give a short prepared talk that includes opinions.
			Take part in conversations to seek and give information.
	 Give responses to questions about everyday events. 	 Take part in discussions and tasks. Demonstrate a growing vocabulary.	Refer to recent experiences or future plans, everyday activities and interests.

	 Pronounce words showing a knowledge of sound (or pitch in Mandarin) patterns. 		 Vary language and produce extended responses. Be understood with little or no difficulty.
Understand the culture of the countries in which the language is spoken This concept involves the background knowledge and cultural capital needed to infer meaning from interaction	 Demonstrate some knowledge and understanding of the customs and features of the countries or communities where the language is spoken. Show awareness of the 	some aspects of countries or communities where the language is spoken. • Make comparisons between life in countries or communities where the language is spoken and this country.	 Give detailed accounts of the customs, history and culture of the countries and communities where the language is spoken. Describe, with interesting detail, some similarities and differences between countries and communities where the language is spoken and this country.
Read fluently This concept involves recognising key vocabulary and phrases.	 Use phonic (or logographic in Mandarin) knowledge to read words. Read and understand short written phrases. 	 Read and understand the main points in short written texts. Read short texts independently. Use a translation dictionary or glossary to look up new words. 	 Read and understand the main points and some of the detail in short written texts. Use the context of a sentence or a translation dictionary to work out the meaning of unfamiliar words. Read and understand the main points and opinions in written texts from various contexts, including present, past or future events. Show confidence in reading aloud, and in using reference materials.

Disclaimer: This has been developed with reflection upon the National Curriculum (2014) and Chris Quigley's Essential Curriculum.